

**Pure Sine Wave Inverters** 

**User Manual, Version 621** 



#### **Features:**

- Pure sine wave output
- Split-Phase in 4kW-12kW
- UPS and AC charger function
- Short-circuit protection against overload
- Under-voltage and over-temperature protection
- Over voltage, battery reverse connection (optional)
- High-low voltage protection
- AC Charging current 0-35A
- Configurable to battery or utility priority



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## **Installation Notice**



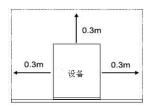
# **Important Safety Instructions**



### Please save these instructions.

This manual contains important safety, installation and operating instructions for the inverter, please read the user manual carefully before using this product.

- 1) Check that the package is in satisfactory condition before opening. After opening packaging, please check that the inverter is in good physical condition.
- 2) If you find damage or missing parts, please do not turn on the machine and contact your dealer/place of purchase.
- 3) Please keep the packing box and materials in case an authorized return is needed.
- 4) This product is very heavy, please handle it carefully.
- 5) The inverter installation must be more than 30cm away from the wall, well ventilated, free of water, flammable gases and corrosives. As shown in the figure below:



- 6) The inverter should not be placed in a corner, on its side, or upside down. Keep away from heat sources. Avoid direct sunlight, and ensure that the front panel, rear panel and fan inlets are well ventilated.
- 7) The surrounding environment temperature should be between 0° C and 40° C.
- 8) If the machine is disassembled and used in a low temperature environment, water may condense. The inverter can only work if the inverter and components are dry inside and outside. Failure to keep the inverter dry (inside and out) puts you at risk for electrical shock.
- 9) Please install the inverter near the main input socket or switch. It is easy to unplug the main input or cut off the power supply in the event of an emergency situation.
- 10) The external battery should not be exposed. It should be installed in a battery cabinet.
- 11) The DC input between inverter should be short as possible.
- 12) Do not stack anything on top of the inverter.
- 13) When the load is connected to the inverter, the load must be turned off before wiring, the inverter should be connected to a socket with over current protection, and the machine should be safely grounded.
- 14) The power outlet should be safely grounded.



- 15) If you need to make the inverter have no output, you must turn off all switches first, then turn off the main power supply. Whether the inverter has input or not, turning off the inverter alone does not ensure that the internal parts do not have power.
- 16) It is not recommended to replace the battery individually. When replacing, you should follow the battery supplier's operating instructions.
- 17) Before replacing the battery, you must cut off all power connected to the machine: main switch, battery switch, etc.
- 18) Take off your body any and all metal objects such as rings and watches.
- 19) Use tools with coated handles. Do not put tools or other metal objects on the battery, directly in your hand.
- 20) It is normal for a small spark to occur when connecting the battery cable, this will not harm you or the inverter.

### **Inverter Safety**

- 1) This inverter is suitable for battery banks ONLY.
- 2) Always make sure inverter is in OFF position and disconnect all AC and DC connections when working on any circuit associated with the inverter. NEVER connect the AC output of the unit directly to an electrical breaker panel/load center which is also fed from the utility power/generator. When connecting battery terminals, ensure the polarity of the battery connections is correct. Incorrect polarity may cause permanent damage to the unit. Be careful when touching bare terminals of capacitors as they may retain high lethal voltages even after power is removed.

### **Battery Safety**

- 1) Do NOT let the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals of the battery touch each other.
- 2) Use sealed lead-acid, flooded, gel, AGM, or lithium batteries which must be deep cycle.
- 3) Explosive battery gases may be present while charging. Be certain there is enough ventilation to release the gases.
- 4) Be careful when working with large lead acid batteries. Wear eye protection and have fresh water available in case there is contact with the battery acid.
- 5) Over-charging and excessive gas precipitation may damage the battery plates and activate material shedding on them. Too high of an equalizing charge or too long of one may cause damage. Please carefully review the specific requirements of the battery used with the system.

### **Installation Safety**

- 1) The unit should be installed in a well-ventilated, cool and dry environment. Make sure the fans of the unit and the ventilation holes are not blocked.
- 2) Do not expose the unit to rain, moisture, snow, or liquids of any type.



### **Product Key Features**

- 1) Suitable for unstable/often off main power, and important equipment that requires backup power.
- 2) This product adopts high-precision DSP control chip, precise detection circuit, advanced control technology.
- 3) Utilizes intelligent temperature-regulating fan, efficient heat dissipation, extending system life.
- 4) Operates with pure sine wave output with multiple working mode options.
- 5) Includes multiple electronic protections: short circuit protection, overvoltage and under voltage protection, overload protection, overheat/short circuit automatic restart (automatic restart three times).
- 6) Has wide frequency and wide voltage input that can be used for diesel/gasoline generator input.
- 7) 3-Stage battery charger with configurable charging current.
- 8) 8 pre-Set battery voltages including lithium; User-defined option.

# **Introduction to Working Mode**

| Work mode                        | Description   |  |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| 1) Main priority                 | When the main power is available, the main power supplies power to the load, and when the main power is off, the battery will supply power to the load and charging to battery.   |  |
| 2) Energy saving mode            | When the inverter is in battery priority mode and the output load is less than 1%-10% of the power (set by the P7, 10% default), the AC output will be turn off, the inverter restarts every 1 minute and checks whether the load is greater than the set power. When the connected load is greater than the minimum setting, the inverter restarts output. This function reduces the battery loss and extends the battery backup time. |  |
| 3) Battery priority mode         | The battery supplies power to the load. When the battery voltage is lower than the set battery voltage (voltage set by PA item), it uses main power to supply power to the load. When the battery voltage is restored, the battery will supply power to the load again (when battery power is low or PV power is off the inverter uses main power charging for battery or not set by PC).   |  |
| 4) Main priority unattended mode | Inverter automatically turns on when connected to main power or battery voltage is normal (excluding the first time the inverter is used). When the battery discharge voltage is lower than battery voltage as set by F4 (F4: sets the battery  |  |



|                                | to low voltage power), the power will be turned off.       |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 5) Battery priority unattended | When the battery voltage is normal the inverter            |  |  |  |  |
| mode                           | automatically turns on and battery supplies power to the   |  |  |  |  |
|                                | load. When the battery is low voltage, main power supplies |  |  |  |  |
|                                | power to the load. When the battery is discharged and      |  |  |  |  |
|                                | initiates battery low voltage shutdown (PL setting), the   |  |  |  |  |
|                                | inverter enters standby and waits for the main power or    |  |  |  |  |
|                                | solar charging to battery. When the battery voltage is     |  |  |  |  |
|                                | restored (PN setting) the inverter automatically turns on, |  |  |  |  |
|                                | but when the battery discharge voltage is lower than       |  |  |  |  |
|                                | battery voltage (set by F4), power will be turned off.     |  |  |  |  |

# **Outward Appearance**

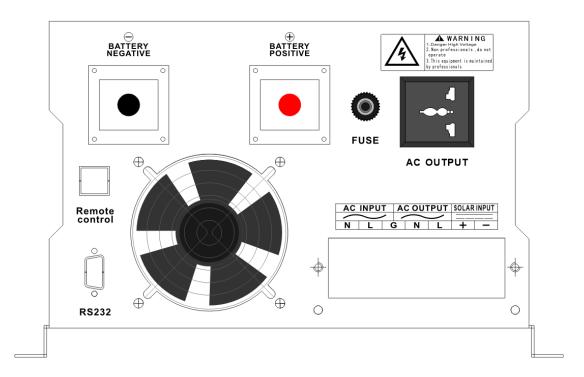
## **Front Panel**



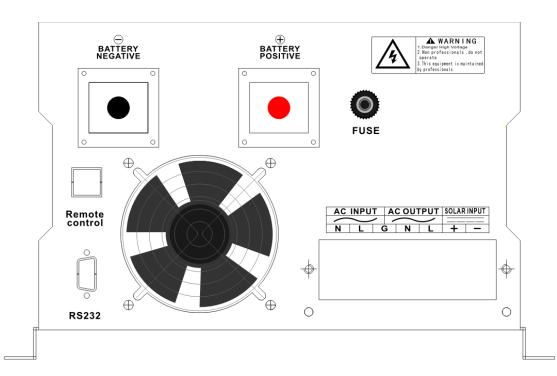


### **Back Panel**

#### 1-3KW



#### 4-6KW





# **DC** Wiring

WARNING

DC wiring not following the minimum DC requirements will cause irreversible damage to the unit.

CAUTION

Be careful of the positive and negative poles. Reversing the poles might cause permanent damage to the inverter and it will blow the internal fuse.

NOTE

Damage to the inverters due to reverse polarity is NOT covered by warranty.

NOTE

The input terminals of the inverters have large capacitors connected to them. Once a positive and negative wire are connected to the terminals, it will complete the circuit, and commence drawing a heavy current momentarily. As a result, there may be a sparking that occurs even if the inverter is in the off position. To minimize sparking, it is recommended that the user have the appropriate size wire feeding into the inverters and/or install an external fuse leading into the inverter.

WARNING

To prevent accidental shock, ensure all sources of DC power (i.e., batteries, solar, etc.) and AC power (utility power or AC generator) are de-energized (i.e., breakers opened, fuses removed) before proceeding.

- 1. Unscrew the screw terminals along the edge of the side plate.
- 2. Gently remove DC side plate to expose DC terminals.
- 3. Connect the positive and negative DC cables to their respective terminals and run them through the side panel.

WARNING

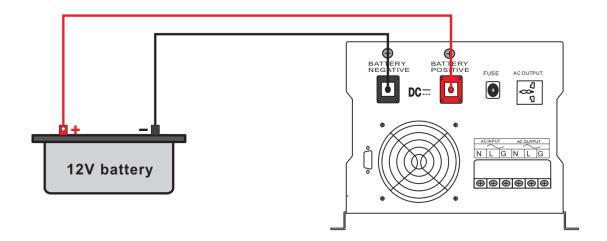
The terminals must be clean to reduce the resistance in the cable connection. A buildup of dirt or oxidation may eventually lead to the cable terminal overheating during periods of high current draw.

When installing DC cables, the following is recommended:

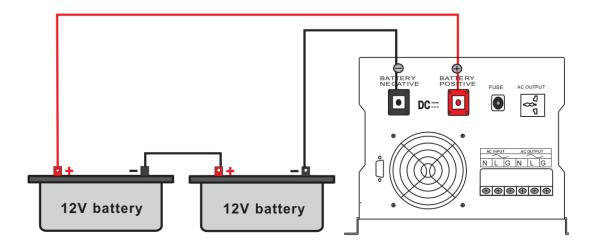
- 1. Battery positive and negative cables should be as close to the battery as possible to minimize voltage loss and other possible effects.
- 2. Tie, tape, or twist cables together to reduce self-inductance.
- 3. Install all overcurrent devices on the positive cable.



# **12V Connection Diagram**

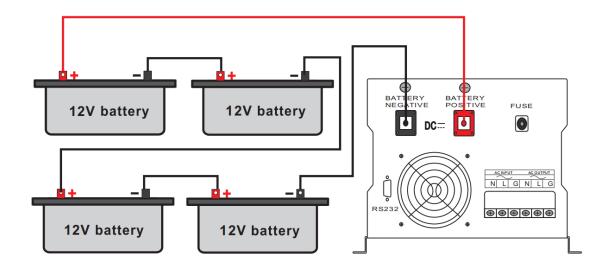


## **24V Connection Diagram**





### **48V Connection Diagram**



# **AC Wiring**

CAUTION

Avoid switching on the inverter with the load (electronic devices) already switched on. This may trigger an overload since some electronic devices have an initial high power surge to start.

CAUTION

When switching off the inverter, turn off the electronic devices first. Although the inverter is off, the capacitors will still have a charge, so the DC and AC terminals must be disconnected if altering the circuitry.

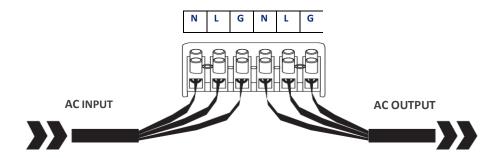
CAUTION

To prevent accidental shock, ensure all sources of DC power (i.e., batteries, solar, etc.) and AC power (utility power or AC generator) are de-energized (i.e., breakers opened, fuses removed) before proceeding.

- 1. Remove the AC Terminal block.
- 2. Make note of the AC Input terminals from left to right (Neutral, Live, Ground) and the AC output terminals from left to right (Neutral, Live, Ground).



<sup>\*</sup> If you want to connect the inverter to a diesel generator or a gasoline generator, please follow these steps:



- 1. Turn on the generator, after it works stably, connect generator output to the inverter input (confirm the inverter is no-load), then turn on the inverter as normal. After the inverter starts working, connect the load.
- 2. Recommended generator capacity is 2-3 times larger than the inverter.

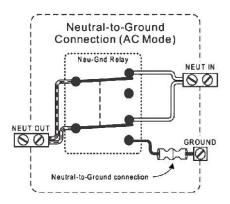
WARNING

The AC input must **NEVER** be connected to the AC output as irreversible overload or damage may result.

WARNING

AC Output should **NEVER** be connected to public power or a generator.

This cannot be disabled.



### **Automatic Transfer Relay**

The inverter chargers are equipped with a 30A transfer relay switch that switches between Inverter and Standby mode depending on availability of AC input power. If AC is present, the transfer relay bypasses up to 30A of the incoming AC power through the inverter to power the AC loads on the inverter's output. In the event AC power gets disconnected, the inverter will power the loads through the battery bank.



The inverter's internal AC transfer relay contacts are rated for 30 amps (each leg), the pass-through current for relay contact must be no greater than 30 amps or damage to this relay may occur.



### **Dry Contacts for Auto Generator Start**

- To use this to function, an auto start controller must be installed on the generator.
   There are three contacts; left to right: Normally Closed (NC) Common (COM), Normally Open (NO).
- When main power is off the inverter uses battery power to supply the load, dry contact auto start.
- Do not store units with auto gen start feature enabled. Generators exhaust dangerous fumes when running.

### **Auto Restart Temperature Fault**

The operating temperature range for the inverter series is  $0^{\circ}$ - $40^{\circ}$  /  $32^{\circ}$  -  $104^{\circ}$ . If internal power components begin to exceed their safe operating temperature levels, the inverter shuts down to protect itself from damage. You will need to manually restart when the inverter cools down.

# **Fan Operation**

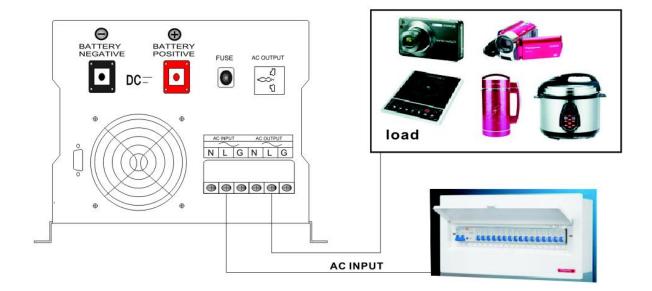
By default, when first powering the unit the fans and alarm will run for approximately 1 minute as part of the start-up routine. Other fan ON/OFF operation parameters are listed below:

| Condition                      | Turn on Condition | Turn off Condition |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Inverter Charger Uptime        | Uptime ≤ 1 minute | Uptime > 1 minute  |
| Inverter Mode Load Percentage  | Load ≥ 35%        | Load < 35%         |
| DC Input Current               | Current ≥ 10A     | Current < 6A       |
| Inverter Heat Sink Temperature | Temperature ≥50°C | Temperature < 45°C |



# **Connection Diagrams**

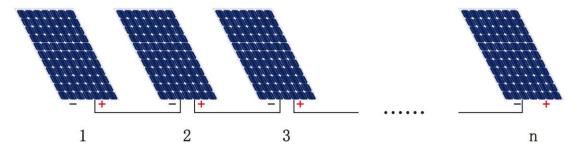
# **Inverter Connection Diagram**





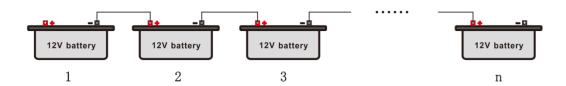
### **Solar Panel and Battery Connection Diagram**

#### **Solar Panels in Series**



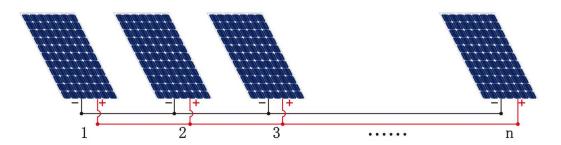
Solar panel voltage = 1 + 2 + 3 + ... n, the voltages of each solar panel are added together.

#### **Batteries in Series**



Battery voltage = 1 + 2 + 3 + ... n, the voltages of each battery are added together.

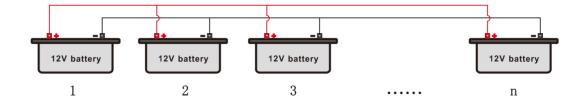
### **Solar Panels in Parallel**



Solar panel voltage = 1 = 2 = 3 = ... n, the voltage of 1PCS solar panel (the voltage of each panel must be the same to be connected in parallel).



### **Batteries in Parallel**



Battery voltage = 1 = 2 = 3 = ... n, the voltage of 1PCS battery (the voltage of each battery must be the same to be connected in parallel).

# **LED Indicator and LCD Introduction**



### **LED Indicator**

| Green Light  | In the main working mode, the LED light is on when the main is working, the green light off when the inverter is inverting. |
|--|---|
| Green Light  |   |
|  | 1. Solid  Battery is fully charged or inverter mode   |
|  | In the 03 battery priority mode, the PC menu determines the light is on or off during charging.                             |
| Yellow Light   | 2. Flashing   |
|  | Battery is charging main charging indicator. (It will turn off when charging is completed).                                 |
|  | 1. Flashing   |
| When the overload is more than 105%, lighting when the overload is |   |
|  | than 110%, lights flashing when the battery is low.   |
| Red Light  | 2. Solid  |
|  | When the inverter fails.  |



| ON/OFF  | Hold 3-5 seconds to turn on the inverter and buzzer will sound. Hold 3 seconds to turn off the inverter.                                   |
|---------|--|
| UP DOWN | Press UP or DOWN to check LCD display parameters.  |
| SET     | <ol> <li>Press3-5 seconds to enter the inverter setting page parameter.</li> <li>Press to confirm setting in parameter setting.</li> </ol> |

# **LCD Information**

| Load Information                                 |  |                  |         |          |
|--|--|------------------|---------|----------|
| OVER LOAD  | Indicates overload.  |                  |         |          |
|  | Indicates the load level by 0%-25%, 26%-50%, 51%-75%, 76%-100% |                  |         |          |
| 100%   | 0%-25%   | 26%-50%          | 51%-75% | 76%-100% |
| 25%  | [7   | [ <del>/</del> / | 7       | 7        |
| Mode Operation                                   | Information  |                  |         |          |
| •  | Indicates unit is connected to shore power                     |                  |         |          |
| BYPASS   | Indicates load is supplied by utility power.                   |                  |         |          |
| <b>-</b>   | Indicates the utility charger circuit is working.              |                  |         |          |
| Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working. |  |                  |         |          |
| Mute Operation                                   |  |                  |         |          |
|  | Indicates unit alarm is disabled.                              |                  |         |          |

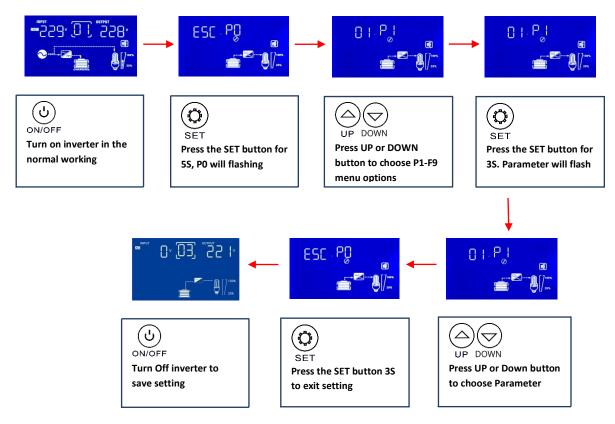


| Battery Information |                             |  |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Battery voltage     | Battery capacity percentage |  |
| 14.00V              | 100%                        |  |
| 13.30V              | 100%                        |  |
| 13.00V              | 90%                         |  |
| 12.60V              | 80%                         |  |
| 12.40V              | 70%                         |  |
| 12.20V              | 60%                         |  |
| 12.00V              | 50%                         |  |
| 11.80V              | 40%                         |  |
| 11.60V              | 30%                         |  |
| 11.40V              | 20%                         |  |
| 11.20V              | 10%                         |  |
| 10.00V              | 0%                          |  |

| INPUT CY CONTROL CONTR | No Inverter mode: No main input, only connect to battery               | COMPANIE CONTROL CONTR | Main mode<br>(battery capacity<br>icon flashing when<br>AC charging) |
|--|--|--|--|
| ■229 (J3) *228 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   | 03: Battery<br>priority mode,<br>main status (main<br>icon will flash) | INPUT OUTPUT S IN.   | 50Hz/60Hz:<br>Frequency display<br>(automatic)                       |
| INPUT LOAD   V   | LOAD***%:<br>Load % display  | INPUT  LOAD W  | LOAD ***W:<br>Load power<br>display                                  |
| INPUT LOAD    V  | Overload display<br>(Overload icon<br>will flash)                      | IMPUT ON STATE OF STA | BATT***%:<br>Battery % display                                       |
| INPUT  ESS  OF THE PROPERTY OF | BATT **V:<br>Battery voltage<br>display                                | NAME OF THE PARTY  | INVO.0KW:<br>Inverter total<br>output power<br>display               |



# **Parameter Setting**



- 1. When the inverter is in the normal working mode press the **SET** button for 5S to enter the setting menu. Enter the setting menu, LCD shows the working mode icon is flashing.
- 2. Press the **UP** button or the **DOWN** button to operate the menu options. The working mode icon will change depending on the operation.
- 3. When you have chosen your desired menu option, press the setting button **SET** 3S to enter the setting parameters (at this time the working mode icon is not flashing, in the left parameter
  - item is flashing).
- 4. Press the **UP** or **DOWN** button to select the setting parameter, press the STE button 3S to exit the setting (at this time the working mode icon flashes, and the parameter icon does not flash.)
- 5. To exit the mode **(ESC)**, press the **SET** button 3S to enter the set parameters and then press the **SET** button 3S to exit the setting menu and save the settings.
- 6. Press the **ON/OFF** button to save new parameters.



P0: Set work mode menu:

Press the SET button 3S to enter the setting menu, the menu selection icon is flashing. If need to save and exit, press the SET button 3S to save and exit.



P1: work mode setting:

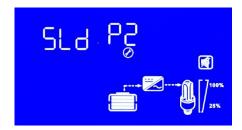
01: Main priority mode

02: Energy saving mode

03: Battery priority mode

04: Main priority Unattended mode

05: Battery priority Unattended mode



P2: Battery type and charging voltage setting: SLD: lead-acid battery (default), GEL: gel battery, LI: lithium battery, USE: user mode. Select USE user mode to adjust battery voltage in P3 and P4 menus. If you do not select the USE user mode, the P3 and P4 menus will not appear.



P3: Battery voltage uniform charge setting:  $12.5V \sim 15.5V$  (single) can be set



P4: Battery voltage floating charge setting:  $12.5 \sim 13.9$  (single) can be set



P5: Maximum main charging current setting: (Default 300W:10A, 500W-1500W:15A, 2000W:20A, 3000W-12000W:50A) 5A, 10A, 20A, 30A, 40A, 50A



P6: Buzzer sound setting:

ON: Turn on the buzzer, OFF: Turn off the buzzer (overvoltage, under voltage, overload, over temperature, except faults)





P7: Energy saving mode AC output setting: (10% default), in (USE) user mode, can be adjusted up and down 1.0-10% / 1%



P8: Inverter output voltage setting: 220V default, (208V, 210V, 220V, 230V, 240V)



P9: AC Output frequency setting: 50Hz default (50Hz, 60Hz)



PA: battery priority mode battery under voltage to main voltage setting:

10.5V default, (single section: 10.5V, 10.6V, 10.7V, 10.8V, 10.9V, 11.0V, 11.1V, 11.2V, 11.3V, 11.5V)



PB: battery priority mode, when battery voltage is restored inverter from utility power conversion inverter voltage:

13.2V default, (single battery: 13.2V, 13.3V, 13.4V, 13.5V, 13.7V, 13.9V, 14.1V, 14.4V)





PC: battery priority mode, main is charged or not: AUT default, ON (battery priority with AC charging), OFF (battery priority without AC charging), Automatic detection solar priority or utility power priority, select solar charging, the main will charge when the solar charging current is small. The specific charging method is as follows:

| The relationship between solar charging and main charging:                |      |  |
|---|------|--|
| Solar charging current Main charging current (* maximum set charging curr |      |  |
| 40A   | 0%   |  |
| 30A   | 20%  |  |
| 20A   | 40%  |  |
| 10A   | 60%  |  |
| 5A  | 80%  |  |
| 0   | 100% |  |



Pd: AC input lowest voltage setting: Default 160VAC, (140V, 150V, 160V, 170V, 180V)



PE: AC input highest voltage setting:
Default 135VAC (110VAC) 275VVAC (220VVAC)

Range: 110VC :130VAC-145VAC 220VAC: 260V-,290VVAC)



PF: AC input minimum frequency setting: Default 45Hz, (40Hz, 41Hz, 42Hz, 43Hz, 44Hz, 45Hz





PH: AC input maximum frequency setting: Default 63Hz, (63Hz, 64Hz, 65Hz)



PL: Battery low voltage shutdown setting: (must be: Pn>PL>F4)

10.2V default,9.5V  $\sim$  12.0V (single) can be set



Pn: unattended mode, battery under voltage restores the startup voltage setting: (must be: Pn>PL>F4)

12.4V default,11.0V  $\sim$  13.0V (single) can be set



F3: Generator mode setting: Default OFF (ON \ OFF)



F4: Unattended mode battery voltage low power off power point setting: (must be: Pn>PL>F4)
Default single section 10.0V (9.0V-12.0V can be set)



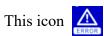
F5: Fan failure detection settings: Default single block OFF (ON, OFF)





F9: Negative temperature detection setting: The default OFF, (ON, OFF) When the temperature is below -15 °C and using the machine, please turn on this setting (ON)

# **Fault Code and Repair**



will flash when there is a fault.



| Cause | Buzzer or indicator             | Fault cause              | Solution                        |
|-------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| E01   |                                 | Battery low voltage      | Check if the battery is broken  |
|       |                                 |                          | or not                          |
| E02   | 1 long 2 short B-BB shout,      | Battery overvoltage      | Check if the battery is broken  |
|       | red light is off                |                          | or not                          |
| E03   | Buzzer urgent shouting, the     | Battery low voltage      | Check if the battery is broken  |
|       | red light lighting              |                          | or not                          |
| E04   | Intermittent ringing, red light | Transformer secondary    | Restart or contact the supplier |
|       | is off                          | line reverse connection  |                                 |
| E05   | Keeps shouting, red light       | Inverter startup failure | Check if output has short       |
|       | keeps lighting                  |                          | circuit, overload or not        |
| E06   | Keeps shouting, red light       | Output for short circuit | Check if output has short       |
|       | keeps lighting                  |                          | circuit, overload or not        |
| E07   | Keeps shouting, red light       | Output voltage is too    | Check output voltage and load   |
|       | keeps lighting                  | low or overloaded        |                                 |
| E08   | Keeps shouting, red light       | Temperature is too high  | Check if the fan is working     |
|       | keeps lighting                  |                          |                                 |
| E09   | Output low voltage              |                          |                                 |
| E10   |                                 |                          |                                 |



| E11 | Keeps shouting, red light keeps lighting         | Low temperature or temperature control failure | Check that the temperature control lines are not open circuit, dropped |
|-----|--|--|--|
| E12 |  |  |  |
| E13 |  |  |  |
| E14 | Keeps shouting, red light off                    | Fan open circuit                               | Check that the fan is not open circuit, dropped                        |
| E15 |  | Input relay short circuit                      | Tap the input relay to check it broken or not                          |
| ES0 | Displayed when press the controller display page | Controller works well                          | Controller works well  |
| ES3 | Displayed when press the controller display page | Controller over current                        | Internal fault   |
| ES4 | Displayed when press the controller display page | Controller temperature high                    | Internal fault   |
| ES5 | Displayed when press the controller display page | Solar input overvoltage                        | Check solar input voltage and correct number of solar panels           |
| ES6 | Displayed when press the controller display page | Solar input low voltage                        | Check solar input voltage and that solar panels don't have damage      |

#### **Buzzer Alert**

#### Buzzer sounds:

- 1) Inverter: A beep sounds every 10 seconds. 10S --- 10S ---
- 2) When the battery voltage is low, one sound per second. --1S--1S--
- 3) When the battery is high voltage: three sound every four seconds, one long and two short. 4S ---
- 4) Overload:
  - > 110% long sound. ----
  - > 105% sound every two seconds. 2S --- 2S ---
- 5) Temperature control failure: 2 sound every 4 seconds 4S-- --4S---
- 6) The temperature is too high: sound every two seconds. 2 --- 2 ---
- 7) Fan abnormality: long sound ---



# Datasheet

| Model   |   | PSWI-<br>1KW   | PSWI-<br>1.5KW                     | PSWI-<br>2KW | PSWI-<br>3KW | PSWI-<br>4KW | PSWI-<br>5KW | PSWI-<br>6KW | PSWI-<br>8KW                | PSWI-<br>10KW                            | PSWI-<br>12KW |  |  |
|---------|---|--|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------|--|--|
| Input   | Rated<br>Capacity                           | 1KW  | 1.5KW                              | 2KW          | 3KW          | 4KW          | 5KW          | 6KW          | 8KW                         | 10KW                                     | 12KW          |  |  |
|         | Peak Power                                  | 3KW  | 4.5KW                              | 6KW          | 9KW          | 12KW         | 15KW         | 18KW         | 24KW                        | 30KW                                     | 36KW          |  |  |
|         | Commercial<br>Power Range<br>(VAC)          | 110V AC:83V-137V / 120V AC: 90V-150V<br>220V AC: 165V-275V/240V AC: 173V-287V                            |                                    |              |              |              |              |              |                             | 220V AC: 165V-275V<br>240V AC: 173V-287V |               |  |  |
|         | Main Input<br>Frequency<br>Range            | 45-65HZ  |                                    |              |              |              |              |              |                             |  |               |  |  |
|         | MPPT/PWM<br>Solar<br>Controller             | 30A/50A/60A/80A  |                                    |              |              |              |              |              | 80A/100A/120A               |  |               |  |  |
| Solar   | Solar Input                                 | 360W/720W/1440W/1920W/2400W/2880W/3840W  |                                    |              |              |              |              |              | 3840W/4800W/7680W/<br>9600W |  |               |  |  |
|         | PV Input<br>Voltage<br>Range                | 14V-130V DC (12V SYSTEM)/38V-130V DC (24V SYSTEM)/<br>72V-180V DC (48V SYSTEM)/144V-280V DC (96V SYSTEM) |                                    |              |              |              |              |              |                             |  |               |  |  |
|         | Туре  | AGM, Gel or Lithium  |                                    |              |              |              |              |              |                             |  |               |  |  |
|         | DC Voltage                                  | 12V/24VDC 24V/48V D  |                                    |              |              |              |              |              | 48V/96V DC                  |  |               |  |  |
| Battery | DC Input<br>Voltage<br>Range                | 12V DC: 10.5-15.0V DC; 24V DC: 21-30V DC; 48V DC: 42.0-60.0V DC; 96V DC: 84-120V DC                      |                                    |              |              |              |              |              |                             |  |               |  |  |
| Charger | AC Charging                                 |  | 5-35A (Custom set 40A 50A Options) |              |              |              |              |              |                             |  |               |  |  |
|         | Capable of<br>Starting<br>Electric<br>Motor | 0.5HP  | 11                                 | ΗP           | 1.5HP        |              | 2HP          |              |                             | ЗНР                                      |               |  |  |
|         | AVR Voltage<br>Range                        | 110/120/220/230/240±10% (Autosensing)  |                                    |              |              |              |              |              |                             |  |               |  |  |
|         | Battery Over<br>Voltage<br>Protection       | 12V DC: 16.7V DC / 24V DC: 33.4V / 48V DC: 66.8V   |                                    |              |              |              |              |              |                             |  |               |  |  |
|         | Battery Over<br>Voltage<br>Alarm            | 12V DC: 15V DC / 24V DC: 30V / 48V DC: 60V   |                                    |              |              |              |              |              |                             |  |               |  |  |



| Output   | Battery<br>Under<br>Voltage<br>Protection                    | 12V DC: 10.5V DC / 24V DC: 21V / 48V DC: 42V   |  |    |    |    |    |             |    |    |             |  |  |
|----------|--|--|--|----|----|----|----|-------------|----|----|-------------|--|--|
|          | Battery Low<br>Voltage<br>Protection                         |  | 12V DC: 10V DC / 24V DC: 20V / 48V DC: 40V   |    |    |    |    |             |    |    |             |  |  |
|          | Transfer<br>Time   | Typical: 5ms (including detection time)  |  |    |    |    |    |             |    |    |             |  |  |
|          | Temperature<br>Protection                                    | ≥85°C alarm, ≥90°C machine shut off  |  |    |    |    |    |             |    |    |             |  |  |
|          | Overload   | IPS auto   | IPS automatically shuts down if overload exceeds 120% of normal value for 10 seconds, IPS automatically resumes work if overload comes to rated load |    |    |    |    |             |    |    |             |  |  |
|          | Waveform   |  | Pure Sine Wave   |    |    |    |    |             |    |    |             |  |  |
|          | Frequency  | Commercial power supply: shared frequency with the commercial inversion state: 60/50±0.5 |  |    |    |    |    |             |    |    |             |  |  |
|          | Output<br>Frequency<br>Range<br>(Electric<br>supply<br>mode) | Tracking automatically   |  |    |    |    |    |             |    |    |             |  |  |
| Temper-  | Operating<br>Temperature                                     | 0-70°C   |  |    |    |    |    |             |    |    |             |  |  |
| ature    | Thermal<br>Method  | Cooling fan is intelligent control ≤42°C fan rotates slowly to ≥ 45°C fan rotates fast   |  |    |    |    |    |             |    |    |             |  |  |
| Physical | Dimensions<br>(mm)   |  | 510*325*215  |    |    |    |    | 645*325*215 |    |    | 765*320*250 |  |  |
| Size     | Weight (kg)  | 16   | 19   | 20 | 27 | 35 | 37 | 41          | 57 | 60 | 62          |  |  |

